REQUIRED ANNUAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE Legislative Financial Disclosure § 24.60.200 - § 24.60.260 and 99

Section

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Article 04. REQUIRED ANNUAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Sec. 24.60.200. Financial disclosure by legislators, public members of the committee, and legislative directors.

A legislator, a public member of the committee, and a legislative director shall file a disclosure statement, under oath and on penalty of perjury, with the Alaska Public Offices Commission giving the following information about the income received or deferred income, earned or otherwise, to be received by the discloser, the discloser's spouse or domestic partner, the discloser's dependent children, and the discloser's nondependent children who are living with the discloser:

- (1) the information that a public official is required to report under <u>AS 39.50.030</u>, other than information about
 - (A) income received as compensation for personal services;
 - (B) a loan or loan guarantee;
 - (C) gifts;
- (2) as to income or deferred income in excess of \$1,000 earned or received as compensation for personal services, and as to dividend income or deferred compensation in excess of \$1,000 received from a limited liability company as compensation or deferred compensation for personal services, a statement describing
 - (A) the names and addresses of the source and the recipient;
 - (B) the amount;

- (C) whether it was or will be earned by commission, by the job, by the hour, or by some other method;
 - (D) the dates and approximate number of hours worked or to be worked to earn it; and
- (E) unless required by law to be kept confidential, a description sufficient to make clear to a person of ordinary understanding the nature of each service performed or to be performed and the date the service was performed or will be performed;
- (3) as to each loan or loan guarantee over \$1,000 from a source with a substantial interest in legislative, administrative, or political action, the name and address of the person making the loan or guarantee, the amount of the loan, the terms and conditions under which the loan or guarantee was given, the amount outstanding at the time of filing, and whether or not a written loan agreement exists.

Sec. 24.60.210. Deadlines for filing of disclosure statements.

- (a) A person required to file a disclosure statement under AS 24.60.200 shall file an annual report with the Alaska Public Offices Commission, covering the previous calendar year, containing the disclosures required by AS 24.60.200, on or before March 15 of each year, except that a person appointed as a legislator under AS 15.40, a public member of the committee, or a legislative director must file within 30 days after the person's appointment. In addition, a person subject to this subsection shall, within 90 days after leaving service as a legislator, legislative director, or public member of the committee, file a final report containing the disclosures required of the person by AS 24.60.200 for the period that begins on the last day of the last period for which the person filed a report required by that section and ends on the date of the person's last day of service.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) of this section, a public member and a public member nominee of the committee shall file an annual report with the Alaska Public Offices Commission, covering the previous calendar year, containing the disclosures required by <u>AS 24.60.200</u>, on or before the second Monday in January of each year.
- (c) The Alaska Public Offices Commission shall require that the reports required under this section be submitted electronically but may, when circumstances warrant an exception, accept any information required under this section that is typed in clear and legible black typeface or hand-printed in dark ink on paper in a format approved by the commission or on forms provided by the commission and that is filed with the commission.

Sec. 24.60.220. Administration of AS 24.60.200 - 24.60.260.

The Alaska Public Offices Commission shall

(1) adopt regulations to implement and interpret the provisions of AS 24.60.200 - 24.60.260;

- (2) prepare standardized forms on which the statements required by AS 24.60.200 shall be filed; and
- (3) examine, investigate, and compare all reports and statements required under <u>AS</u> 24.60.200, and report all possible violations of this chapter it discovers to the committee.

Sec. 24.60.230. Statements as public records.

A statement filed with the Alaska Public Offices Commission under <u>AS 24.60.200</u> is a public record. A person is not required to comply with <u>AS 24.60.200</u> to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction of the state determines that legally privileged professional relationships or constitutional privacy considerations would be violated by compliance.

Sec. 24.60.240. Civil penalty for late filing.

A person required to file a disclosure statement under AS 24.60.200 who fails to file a properly completed report under AS 24.60.200 is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10 a day for each day the delinquency continues as the Alaska Public Offices Commission determines, subject to appeal to the superior court. An affidavit stating facts in mitigation may be submitted to the Alaska Public Offices Commission by the person against whom the civil penalty is assessed. However, the imposition of the penalties prescribed in this section does not excuse the person from filing reports required by <u>AS 24.60.200</u>.

Sec. 24.60.250. Effect of failure to file.

- (a) In addition to the sanctions described in <u>AS 24.60.260</u>, if the Alaska Public Offices Commission finds that a candidate for the legislature who is an incumbent legislator has failed to file a report under <u>AS 24.60.200</u> by March 15, the commission shall notify the candidate that the report is late. If the candidate fails to file the report within 30 days after it is due,
 - (1) the commission shall notify the lieutenant governor;
 - (2) the candidate shall forfeit nomination to office and may not be seated in office;
- (3) the lieutenant governor may not certify the person's nomination for office or election to office; and
 - (4) nomination to the office shall be certified as provided in AS 39.50.060(b).
- (b) In addition to the sanctions described in <u>AS 24.60.260</u>, if the Alaska Public Offices Commission finds that a member of the committee has failed or refused to file a report under <u>AS 24.60.200</u> by a deadline established in <u>AS 24.60.210</u>, it shall notify the presiding officer of the appropriate legislative body. In the case of a public member of the committee, the commission shall notify both presiding officers.

(c) In addition to the sanctions described in <u>AS 24.60.260</u>, if the Alaska Public Offices Commission finds that a legislative director has failed or refused to file a report under <u>AS 24.60.200</u> by a deadline established in <u>AS 24.60.210</u>, it shall notify the Alaska Legislative Council or the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee, as appropriate. For the ombudsman and the office of victims' rights, the Alaska Legislative Council shall be notified.

Sec. 24.60.255. Administrative complaints.

- (a) A person may file a written complaint alleging a violation of <u>AS 24.60.200</u> 24.60.260 has occurred or is occurring.
- (b) Complaints filed under (a) of this section must be filed within five years after the date of the alleged violation.
- (c) If a member of the Alaska Public Offices Commission files a complaint, that member of the commission may not participate in any proceeding of the commission relating to the complaint.

Sec. 24.60.260. Prohibited conduct relating to disclosures; penalties.

- (a) A person required to make a disclosure under this chapter may not knowingly make a false or deliberately misleading or incomplete disclosure to the committee or to the Alaska Public Offices Commission. A person who files a disclosure after a deadline set by this chapter or by a regulation adopted by the committee or by the Alaska Public Offices Commission has violated this chapter and may be subject to imposition of a fine as provided in (c) of this section or AS 24.60.240.
- (b) A person who violates this section is subject to a proceeding under $\underline{AS\ 24.60.170}$, in addition to penalties that may be imposed by the Alaska Public Offices Commission under $\underline{AS\ 24.60.240}$ and to the penalty set out in $\underline{AS\ 24.60.250}$.
- (c) The committee may impose a fine on a person who files a disclosure after a deadline set by this chapter. The amount of the fine imposed under this subsection may not exceed \$2 for each day to a maximum of \$100 for each late filing unless the committee determines that the late filing was inadvertent or wilful. If the committee finds that a late filing was inadvertent, the maximum fine the committee may impose under this subsection is \$25. If the committee determines that the late filing was wilful, the amount of the fine imposed under this subsection may be \$100 for each day but may not exceed a maximum of \$2,500.

Sec. 24.60.990. Definitions.

- (a) In this chapter,
- (1) "administrative action" means conduct related to the development, drafting, consideration, enactment, defeat, application, or interpretation of a rule, regulation, policy, or

other action in a regulatory proceeding or a proceeding involving a license, permit, franchise, or entitlement for use;

- (2) "anything of value," "benefit," or "thing of value" includes all matters, whether tangible or intangible, that could reasonably be considered to be a material advantage, of material worth, use, or service to the person to whom it is conferred; the terms are intended to be interpreted broadly and encompass all matters that the recipient might find sufficiently desirable to do something in exchange for; "anything of value," "benefit," or "thing of value" does not include
 - (A) an item listed in <u>AS 24.60.080</u> (a)(2)(B) or (c);
- (B) campaign contributions, pledges, political endorsements, support in a political campaign, or a promise of endorsement or support;
- (C) contributions to a cause or organization, including a charity, made in response to a direct solicitation from a legislator or a person acting at the legislator's direction; or
 - (D) grants under AS 37.05.316 to named recipients;
- (3) "committee" means the Select Committee on Legislative Ethics and includes, when appropriate, the senate or house subcommittee;
- (4) "compensation" means remuneration for personal services rendered, including salary, fees, commissions, bonuses, and similar payments, but does not include reimbursement for actual expenses incurred by a person;
- (5) "domestic partner" means a person who is cohabiting with another person in a relationship that is like a marriage but that is not a legal marriage;
 - (6) "immediate family" means
 - (A) the spouse or domestic partner of the person; or
- (B) a parent, child, including a stepchild and an adoptive child, and sibling of a person if the parent, child, or sibling resides with the person, is financially dependent on the person, or shares a substantial financial interest with the person;
- (7) "income" means an asset that a person has received or expects to receive, regardless of whether it is earned or unearned; inheritances and other gifts are not income;
 - (8) "knowingly" has the meaning given in AS 11.81.900;
- (9) "legislative action" means conduct relating to the development, drafting, consideration, sponsorship, enactment or defeat, support or opposition to or of a law, amendment, resolution, report, nomination, or other matter affected by legislative action or inaction;

- (10) "legislative director" means the director of the legislative finance division, the legislative auditor, the director of the legislative research agency, the ombudsman, the victims' advocate, the executive director of the Legislative Affairs Agency, and the directors of the divisions within the Legislative Affairs Agency;
- (11) "legislative employee" means a person, other than a legislator, who is compensated by the legislative branch in return for regular or substantial personal services, regardless of the person's pay level or technical status as a full-time or part-time employee, independent contractor, or consultant; it includes public members and staff of the committee; it does not include individuals who perform functions that are incidental to legislative functions, including security, messenger, maintenance, and print shop employees, and other employees designated by the committee;
- (12) "lobbyist" means a person who is required to register under AS 24.45.041 and is described under AS 24.45.171, but does not include a volunteer lobbyist described in AS 24.45.161 (a)(1) or a representational lobbyist as defined under regulations of the Alaska Public Offices Commission;
- (13) "political action" means conduct in which public officials, including legislators or legislative employees, use their official position or political contacts to exercise influence on state and local government employees or entities; it includes but is not limited to endorsing and pledging support or actively supporting a legislative matter, a nominee, or a candidate for public office;
 - (14) "registered lobbyist" means a person who is required to register under AS 24.45.041;
- (15) "representation" means action taken on behalf of another, whether for compensation or not, including but not limited to telephone calls and meetings and appearances at proceedings or meetings;
- (16) "state office" includes the office of governor, lieutenant governor, member of the legislature, or similar state office.
- (b) A person has a substantial interest in legislative, administrative, or political action if the person (1) is not a natural person and will be directly and substantially affected financially by a legislative, administrative, or political action; (2) is a natural person and will be directly and substantially affected financially by a legislative, administrative, or political action in a way that is greater than the effect on a substantial class of persons to which the person belongs as a member of a profession, occupation, industry, or region; (3) has or seeks contracts in excess of \$10,000 annually for goods or services with the legislature or with an agency of the state; or (4) is a lobbyist. For the purpose of this subsection, the state, the federal government, and an agency, corporation, or other entity of or owned by the state or federal government do not have a substantial interest in legislative, administrative, or political action.